

# Arsacids



## The Arsacid Dynasty 250 BC - 224 AD

247-211	Arsaces I	King or chief of the Parni 247 BC; Conquered Parthia 238
211-191	Arsaces II	Son
191-176	Priapatius	Son
176-171	Phraates I	Son
171-138	Mithridates I	Brother
138-128	Phraates II	Son
128-123	Artabanus I	Son of Priapatius
123-87	Mithridates II, the Great	Son
90-80	Gotarzes I	
80-77	Orodes I	
77-70	Sinatruces	
70-57	Phraates III	Son
57-54	Mithridates III	Son
57-38	Orodes II	Brother
38-2	Phraates IV	Son
2-AD 4	Phraates V	Son
4-7	Orodes III	
7-12	Vonones I	Son of Phraates IV
12-38	Artabanus II	

38-51	Gotarzes II	Son
39-45	Vardanes I	Brother
51	Vonones II	
51-78	Vologases I	Son
55-58	Vardanes II	Son
77-80	Vologases II	
80-81	Artabanus III	
78-105	Pacorus	
105-147	Vologases III	
109-129	Osroes	
129-147	Mithridates IV	
147-191	Vologases IV	
191-208	Vologases V	
208-222	Vologases VI	Son
213-224	Artabanus IV	Brother; Sasanid conquest of the Parthian Empire 224



### Some of the Achievements of this Period

- 1- The reaffirmation of Iran's national sovereignty;
- 2- The development of commerce between East and West;
- 3- Respect for the integrity and freedom of other tribes;
- 4- The defense of Iran's borders against invaders from the East and the West;
- 5- The development and the promotion of new art forms and styles;
- 6- The establishment of a National Assembly.

# Sassanian



## The Sassanid Dynasty 224-652

224-241	Ardeshir I	Son or descendant of Sasan, King of Persis, Conquered Iran 224
241-272	Shapur I	Son, co-regent 240
272-273	Hormozd I	Son
273-276	Bahram I	Brother
276-293	Bahram II	Son
293	Bahram III	Son; deposed
293-302	Narseh	Son of Shapur I
302-309	Hormozd II	Son
309-379	Shapur II	Son
379-383	Ardeshir II	Nephew; deposed
383-388	Shapur III	Son of Shapur II
388-399	Bahram IV	Son
399-420	Yazdgerd I	Son
420-438	Bahram V – the Wild Ass	Son
438-457	Yazdgerd II	Son
457-459	Hormozd III	Son
459-485	Piruz	Brother
485-488	Balash	Brother; deposed
488-497	Kavad I	Son of Piruz; deposed
497-499	Zamasp	Brother; deposed
499-531	Kavad I	Restored
531-579	Khusrau I, Anoushirvan	Son
579-590	Hormozd IV	Son; deposed

590-591	Bahram Chubin	Usurper; deposed
590-628	Khusrau II, the Victorious	Son Hormozd IV; deposed; died 628
628	Kavad II, Shroied	Son
628-630	Ardeshir III	Son
630	Shahrbaraz	Usurper
630-631	Boran	Daughter of Khusrau II
631-632	Azarmidokht	Sister; pretenders and rival Kings in various parts of the Empire



### Some of the Achievements of this Period

- 1- The establishment of political unity;
- 2- Revival of military organization;
- 3- The spread of art and culture;
- 4- The construction of buildings, dams and bridges;
- 5- Administrative and financial reforms;
- 6- Development of commerce.

# Saffarids



867-879	Ya'qub bin Laith as-Saffar
879-901	Amr bin Laith
901-908	Tahir I
908-910	Laith
910-912	Mohammad I of Persia
912-913	Amr II
922-963	Ahmad i bin Mohammad
963-1003	Wali-ud Dawlah



## Some of the Achievements of this Period

- 1- Establishment of independence and the expansion of Iran's rule.
- 2- The revival of Persian language and literature.
- 3- Honoring learned and great men of science and art.

# Dailamites



934-949	Ali b. Buya
949-983	Fana Khusraw
983-989	Shirzil b Fana Khusraw
989-998	Marsuban b. Fana Khusraw
998-1012	Firuz b. Fana Khusraw
1012-1024	Abu Shuja' b. Firuz
1024-1048	Abu Kalijar Marzuban
1048-1062	Abu Mansur Fulad Sutun



## Some of the Achievements of this Period

- 1- The revival of the political life of Iran.
- 2- The revival of the Persian Empire and its customs and habits.
- 3- An attempt to develop science and literature.